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MALEEHA AHMAD, et al v. CITY OF ST. LOUIS Deposition of JAMES GOLDEN, JR. taken on 02/08/2019

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI	
MALEEHA AHMAD, et al,) Plaintiffs,) vs.) No. 4:17-CV-2455	CDP
CITY OF ST. LOUIS,) Defendant.)	
Skype Deposition of JAMES GOLDEN, JR. taken on behalf of the Defendant February 8, 2019	
INDEX Questions By: Page	e:
MR. DIERKER 5	
Reporter: Sara Alice Masuga, CSR, CCF IL CSR No. 084-002993 MO CCR No. 1012	
MASUGA REPORTING SERVICE 2033 HIAWATHA AVENUE ST. LOUIS, MO 63143-1215	

Exhibit K

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                IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
                FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI
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        MALEEHA AHMAD, et al,
 4
                  Plaintiffs,
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                                     No. 4:17-CV-2455 CDP
        vs.
 6
        CITY OF ST. LOUIS,
 7
                  Defendant.
 8
 9
     APPEARANCES:
10
     On Behalf of the Plaintiff:
11
12
             ACLU
             By Omri E. Praiss, Esq.
             906 Olive Street
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             Suite 1130
             St. Louis, MO 63101
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16
     On Behalf of the Defendant:
17
             City Counselor's Office
             By Robert Dierker, Esq.
18
             Meg Bruyns, Esq.
19
             Brandon Laird, Esq.
             Amy Raimondo, Esq.
             1200 Market Street
2.0
             City Hall Room 314
21
             St. Louis, MO 63103
22
     Also Present: Ms. Nicole Strombom
                    Mr. Naif Albattal
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2.4
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1 IT IS STIPULATED AND AGREED by and between counsel for Plaintiffs and counsel for Defendant that the 2 3 deposition of JAMES GOLDEN, JR. may be taken via Skype pursuant to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, by and 4 5 on behalf of the Defendant on February 8, 2019, at the 6 offices of the ACLU, 906 Olive Street, St. Louis, Missouri, before me, Sara Alice Masuga, Certified Court 7 Reporter and Certified Shorthand Reporter; that the 8 issuance of notice is waived and that this deposition may 9 be taken with the same force and effect as if all Federal 10 Rules had been complied with. 11 IT IS FURTHER STIPULATED AND AGREED that the 12 13 signature of the deponent is reserved. 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

1	EXHIBIT INDEX Exhibit: Page:
2	Exhibit: Page:
3	Defendant's Golden Deposition Exhibit A6 ("Police Pepper Spray Routs Klan Rally Crowd,"
4	Chicago Tribune Article 9/28/97)
5	Defendantia Calden Democition Dubibit D
6	Defendant's Golden Deposition Exhibit B7 (Declaration of Chief James B. Golden, Jr. (Retired) dated 1/25/19, C.V., Declaration of James B. Golden,
7	Jr. dated 10/22/17, Expert Report of Chief James B. Golden, Jr. (Retired))
8	
9	Defendant's Golden Exhibit C
10	Application)
11	
12	(Exhibits attached.)
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1 JAMES GOLDEN, JR. produced via Skype, sworn, and examined as a witness on behalf of the Defendant 2 3 testified as follows commencing at 9:06 a.m.: 4 5 EXAMINATION 6 BY MR. DIERKER: 7 Chief, I don't know if you can see me. 8 Q. Bob Dierker of the City Counselor's Office. You don't 9 10 mind if I call you Chief, do you? No, that's fine, thank you. Jim, Chief, 11 Α. whatever you choose, it's okay. 12 13 All right. I've got several other attorneys Q. here with me, but they're not going to be doing any of 14 15 the talking. I will be doing all the talking. can't hear me for sure, let me know, okay? 16 17 Yeah, I can hear you. I just can't see you. Α. 18 0. Okay. 19 MS. RAIMONDO: Do you watch to switch with me 20 so maybe he can see yu? 21 MR. DIERKER: Well, I think it's better for me 22 to be closer, so... (Questions by Mr. Dierker) 23 2.4 Q. I'll -- I'll lean in at some point and wave to 25 you, Chief, so...

A. Okay, that's fine.

2.4

- Q. So, Chief, what I'd like to do, first of all, there was a reference in your materials to the KKK rally in Saginaw, Michigan and I wanted to show you what I've marked as Deposition Exhibit A, which is an internet copy of a Chicago Tribune report September, 1997 and I'm not sure if -- I'm not sure the best way to get you to see that.
 - A. Yes, I can see it.
- Q. Okay. And -- And I don't expect you necessarily to be able to identify that. I just wanted to ask you, the report indicates that Pepper Spray Routes Klan Rally Crowd and I was curious if you are familiar with any incident involving pepper spray at Saginaw with the KKK.
- A. No, I'm not. In fact, the two rallies that were held there were in -- in '96, July and August of 1996 in Saginaw.
- Q. So, if in September of 1997, would that have been while you were still chief up there?
- A. I was chief, yes, in '97. I don't recall a Klan rally, however, at that time.
 - Q. Okay.
 - MR. PRAISS: Just for the record, this is from the Chicago Tribune and I don't see any reference to

Saginaw, Michigan, or am I missing something?
MR. DIERKER: (Pointing.)
MR. PRAISS: Thank you.
MR. DIERKER: Okay.
(Questions by Mr. Dierker)
Q. Okay, Chief, I'd like to get just a couple
other preliminary matters out of the way. I have marked
for purposes of the deposition as Exhibit B your Dec
Declaration and the materials that you provided through
the Plaintiffs' lawyers to us. And does does that
look familiar to you as
A. Yes.
Q as best you can see through Skype?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. Off the top, do you have anything that
specifically you want to amend or alter with regard to
the report and materials that you submitted through
through the Plaintiffs' lawyers?
A. No.
Q. Okay. Are you aware of an entity known as the
Commission for the Accreditation of Law Enforcement
Agencies, C-A-L-E-A?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. Was the Saginaw Police Department
accredited by them?

We had begun the process, but it was never 1 Α. completed, at least not on my watch, but we initiated 2 3 that process when I was chief. 4 Okay. So, you're -- you're generally familiar Ο. 5 with that organization and its accrediting process? 6 Yes --Α. 7 Q. Okay. -- CALEA as it's known. 8 Α. 9 And is that a recognized accreditation process Ο. as far as your professional opinion goes? 10 Yes. 11 Α. And are you aware that the City of St. Louis 12 Q. 13 Police Department is accredited by that entity? 14 I was not aware, no. Α. 15 Ο. Have you studied the CALEA standards regarding crowd control response? 16 17 Α. I have not, not CALEA, no. When was the last time you were in a 18 Ο. Okav. command position with regard to a crowd control 19 20 situation? 21 Α. That would have been -- That would have been 22 And in terms of a significant crowd management Saginaw. situation, I guess it would have been Saginaw. 23 2.4 Q. Did you ever have any --1996. 25 Α.

1	Q. While you were with the Philadelphia Police
2	Department, did you have any occasion to be in crowd
3	control situations?
4	A. Yes, a few times.
5	Q. And did you personally ever use I'm going
6	to talk about pepper spray. Sometimes I'll talk about
7	mace. I mean, to me they're interchangeable. Is that
8	Is that okay to use those terms interchangeably?
9	A. Yes.
10	Q. So, did you ever have occasion to deploy mace
11	or yourself in any crowd control situation?
12	A. No.
13	Q. Did you observe it used by anybody under your
14	command?
15	A. No.
16	Q. Okay. With regard to the International
17	Association of Chiefs of Police, do you regard their
18	statements or their papers, their work to be
19	authoritative within your field or within the field of
20	policing crowd contro and crowd control situations?
21	A. Yes.
22	Q. And, so, they they would generally be
23	reliable, the standards of the IACP?
24	A. Yes.
25	Q. And I believe, correct me if I'm wrong, but I

1	believe various passages in your report, Exhibit B, track
2	very closely to some of the statements that are made in
3	the IACP paper on Crowd Management and Control, October
4	of 2014; is that a fair statement?
5	A. I'd have to check that, but, I mean, yes, I
6	know I referenced something from IACP, but I don't know
7	the specific date. I'd have to look, look at that.
8	Q. Okay. In your opinion, Chief, who is better
9	equipped to deal with a crowd control situation, the
10	commanders on the scene or a judge several months later?
11	MR. PRAISS: Object to the form of the
12	question.
13	Q. You can go ahead and answer. Counsel didn't
14	like the way I put the question. If you understand it,
15	you can answer.
16	A. Would you repeat it, please?
17	Q. In your opinion, who is more capable of
18	assessing crowd control situations, the commanders
19	police commanders on the scene or a judge several months
20	later?
21	MR. PRAISS: Same objection.
22	A. If the commanders on the scene, the police
23	commanders, are well-trained and skilled in that area, I
24	would say the police commander.
25	Q. In your opinion, can anybody anticipate in

1 advance how a spontaneous public protest will proceed? In many situations, I would say yes. 2 3 O. Do -- In your opinion, do spontaneous or extemporaneous protests present special problems for law 4 5 enforcement? 6 I would say yeah, depending on the Α. 7 circumstances, you're talking about something that's 8 unexpected or unanticipated as spontaneous, yes. 9 And in the course of your career, are you 10 familiar with protests that were conducted pursuant to permit processes in the local government? 11 12 Α. Yes. And were you familiar with situations where no 13 Q. permit was applied for and -- but a protest proceeded? 14 15 Α. I can't recall offhand those situations, no. What was -- The situation in Saginaw that you 16 Ο. 17 referred to involving the KKK, were permits involved in that situation? 18 19 Α. Yes, I believe they were. 20 Ο. In your opinion, are there special problems for law enforcement when the police are the 21 22 target of the protest? 23 Α. I'm not sure what you mean by "special 24 problems." 25 Ο. Well, I'm just asking for your opinion as to

whether you think there are any.

- A. I think most crowd management situations involving police and protestors present challenges.
- Q. The counsel for the Plaintiffs sent me a list of materials that you reviewed, which I think involved -- included the transcripts of the preliminary injunction hearing in this case and video materials that were supplied both by the City Police Department and by the Plaintiffs. Am I safe in assuming that you have not reviewed any materials that have not been disclosed to us by Plaintiffs' counsel as far as you know?
 - A. That's correct as far as I know. (At this point, Mr. Albattal arrived at the deposition.)
- Q. Okay. Chief, I've got a copy of the IACP paper on Crowd Management and Control, October of 2014, which I believe is included in or cited in your materials, so I'm not marking that as an exhibit, but I'd just like to read a couple of statements in that paper to see if you agree with those propositions.
 - A. Okay.
- Q. And if you happen to have it with you, that's fine. I'm reading from Page 2. Quote, "A civil disturbance is an unlawful assembly and is normally defined in state and local law. Normally, it is a

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gathering that constitutes a breach of the peace or any assembly of persons where there is a threat of collective violence, destruction of property, or other unlawful acts. Civil disturbances are often, but not always, spontaneous occurrences that require the emergency mobilization of law enforcement officers and related emergency services. Law enforcement employs crowd control techniques and tactics to address unlawful public assemblies to include a show of force, crowd containment, dispersal equipment and strategies, and preparation for possible multiple arrests." Would you agree that that capsulizes a civil disturbance situation?

- A. I think generally, yes.
- Q. And I've got another excerpt I'd like to read to you from Page 7. Quote, "Law enforcement agencies may employ several options when a crowd does not heed their warnings. These include but are not limited to any one or any combination of the following: Display of forceful presence, which can include police lines combined with motorcycles, law enforcement vehicles, and mobile field forces; crowd encirclement; multiple simultaneous arrests; use of aerosol crowd control chemical agents; law enforcement formations and use of batons for forcing crowd movement." Would you agree that that describes options that are available in dealing with a crowd that

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1 is not heeding warnings? 2 MR. PRAISS: Object to the form --3 Α. I believe --4 MR. PRAISS: -- of the -- Give me one second, Jim. 5 6 THE WITNESS: Yes. 7 MR. PRAISS: Object to the form of the 8 question. Vague and overbroad. 9 Ο. You may answer. 10 I believe they are, given the specific 11 circumstances of the event, yes. And again reading from Page 7, "There are" --12 13 Ouote, "There are instances in which law enforcement agencies have little or no warning to prepare for 14 15 demonstrations or civil disturbances. Sporting events 16 and rock concerts are among those situations that 17 sometimes spawn uncontrolled crowds and illegal gatherings. Demonstrations or large gatherings of any 18 kind that escalate into civil disturbances are governed 19 20 by the policies and regulations concerning crowd 21 management, control, and dispersal identified here with respect to civil disturbances. The first officer to 22 23 arrive on the scene of a spontaneous demonstration or 24 civil disturbance has a number of responsibilities, to 25 include the following: Observe the situation from a safe

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1 distance to determine if the gathering is currently or potentially violent. Notify" communi- -- "the 2 3 communications center of the nature and seriousness of the disturbance, particularly the availability of 4 5 improvised or deadly weapons; crowd location and 6 estimated number of participants; current activities 7 (such as blocking traffic); direction of movement; and ingress and egress routes for emergency vehicles. 8 Request the assistance of a supervisor and any necessary 9 10 Instruct the individuals to disperse if approaching the crowd does not present unnecessary risk. 11 Attempt to identify crowd leaders and (sic) potential 12 13 agitators and/or anyone engaged in criminal acts." Would you say that's a fair summary of what the first responder 14 could or should do in a crowd control situation? 15 16 MR. PRAISS: I'm going to again object to the It's overbroad and it's 17 form of the question. vague, considering how long the section that you 18 just quoted. Go ahead. 19 20 Ο. You may answer, Chief, if you understand the 21 question. Yes, but a single officer, if you're talking 22 about an individual officer in a fairly large 23 24 demonstration, I certainly would hope that officer would 25 summon assistance and support before taking other actions

1 that you mentioned in that excerpt. 2 Now, Chief, I understand you -- you reviewed the extensive materials with regard to the events in 3 September 15 through September 17 of 2017 in the City of 4 5 St. Louis. Am I safe in assuming that? 6 Α. Yes. 7 Q. To what extent are you familiar with the geography in the City of St. Louis? 8 Not very. It's been a while since I visited 9 St. Louis, so I couldn't speak to, you know, specific 10 layout of the City. 11 12 Ο. With regard to the events on September 15, I will refer to Tucker and Clark, which is the intersection 13 located near the former St. Louis Police Headquarters. 14 15 Are you aware of that -- the geography of that 16 intersection, roughly? 17 Well, just based on video recordings that I Α. 18 reviewed. Okay. And were you aware that the protests 19 O. 20 regarding the verdict in the Stockley case commenced 21 earlier in the day at the intersection of Tucker and Market Street nearest to the courthouse? 22 23 That's my understanding, again, from the Α. 24 review of documents and the video recordings. 25 Q. Okay. Well, assuming that's the case, would

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1 it have been sound police practice to have a 2 riot-equipped unit staged several blocks away near the 3 old Police Headquarters? I'm not sure I understand that question as --4 Α. 5 as relates to the previous comment. Would you -- Would 6 you state it again, please? 7 Q. That's fine. I'm -- All the lawyers in this 8 room can attest that I'm grossly out of practice at 9 taking depositions, so. I would ask you to assume that 10 the -- what I'll call the Stockley protests began at the intersection of Tucker and Market in the City of 11 St. Louis earlier in the day of September 15 and that 12 13 Tucker and Market is approximately two blocks away from Tucker and Clark. So, can we -- are you with me so far? 14 15 Α. Yes. And in -- in your opinion, given that the 16 Ο. 17 protests began to materialize two blocks away from Tucker and Clark, would it have been sound practice to have the 18 riot-equipped units staged at Tucker and Clark? 19 20 Well, the only way I can answer that is to the extent that there was advanced knowledge or information, 21 22 the -- the Police Department would have been able to position officers, tactical officers, and other resources 23 2.4 where they were most needed. 25 Ο. Well, I understood in your -- your report, you

1 opined that the Police Department -- that the best 2 practice is to avoid having riot-equipped police visible 3 immediately when a protest starts to materialize. Am I 4 misstating your view? 5 Α. No, that's correct. 6 Okay. Let me -- And forgive me, but I may Q. 7 jump around a little bit like the protest did that weekend. In your review in preparing and formulating 8 your opinions, did you review materials with regard to 9 10 any prior incidents of protests related to police conduct in the City of St. Louis? And by "prior incidents," I 11 12 mean prior to 2017. 13 Α. I recall there were references to such incidents, but I did not directly review those matters. 14 15 Ο. Okay, so -- so then to the extent that you 16 made -- formulated any opinions, to the extent you had 17 information about any prior incidents prior to 2017 in the City of St. Louis, you would have been depending 18 mainly on the Plaintiffs' preliminary injunction 19 20 testimony; is that fair? 21 Α. Yes, that's right. 22 (At this point, Ms. Bruyns left the conference room.) 23

would not have any -- you did not conduct any extensive

Okay. So, apart from that testimony, you

24

25

Q.

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review of any incidents involving Grand Avenue and 1 Highway 44 in March of 2012; is that right? 2. 3 Α. That's right. And likewise, any incident in October of 2014 Ο. 4 5 at Vandeventer and Manchester Streets or Grand and 6 Arsenal Streets in the City of St. Louis? 7 Α. That's right. And similarly with regard to August of 2015 at 8 Q. 9 Page and Walton in the City of St. Louis, you would not 10 have reviewed any materials specific to that? I did not. 11 Α. Okay. You indicated that you had testified --12 Q. 13 you were deposed in a case in Kansas City, in Federal Court in Kansas City; is that correct? 14 15 Α. Yes. And are Plaintiffs' counsel in this case the 16 0. 17 same counsel as in Kansas City? Α. Yes. 18 19 Ο. And just briefly, what -- what's that lawsuit 20 about, as far as you know? 21 It -- It involved a tender age grade school Α. 22 student being -- being handcuffed by a security officer. 23 Okay. And if I understand your resume Ο. 24 correctly, your current practice, if I may use that term, 25 focuses on policing and youth; is that -- am I correct in

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1 that? Juvenile justice training for law enforcement 2 3 and school districts, yes. Okay. Are you familiar with an area of 4 Ο. 5 Philadelphia called God's Pocket? 6 No, I -- I can't say that I am, no. Α. 7 Q. When I read your resume, it just brought to the mind a movie that I had seen about Philadelphia and 8 9 one of my former colleagues was from Philadelphia, 10 Judge Garvey. You don't happen to know him, do you? It's been a while. I've been out of Philly 11 Α. for a while, but, I mean, I'm still relatively close to 12 13 the area, but Judge Garvey, I can't say that I'm familiar with -- with that person. 14 15 Ο. Okay. Well, the reason I ask is that was going to lead into a question about do certain areas 16 17 in -- within a metropolitan area call for different attention or tactics by the police. 18 In a general community policing strategy, yes. 19 Α. 20 Ο. Have you ever been hit by a full water bottle? 21 Α. No. 22 Have you, yourself, ever been the defendant in Ο. a civil rights action based on your policing activities? 23 2.4 Α. No. There have been, you know, administrative 25 actions, but, no, I --

1	Q. No
2	A don't think.
3	Q I'm I'm referring to
4	A. Right.
5	Q lawsuits, not administrative action.
6	A. (Nodding.)
7	Q. Are you aware of any officers under your
8	command who are defendants in civil rights suits?
9	MR. PRAISS: Object to the form of the
10	question. Overbroad.
11	Q. You may answer.
12	A. I'd really have to search my memory for that,
13	but offhand, I just can't point to anything specific.
14	Q. Okay. In your opinion, can individual
15	officers violate police department policy without the
16	presence of a custom?
17	MR. PRAISS: Object to the form of the
18	question to the extent it calls for legal
19	conclusion.
20	Q. Well, let I'll I'll rephrase the
21	question, Chief. In your opinion, you and I'm
22	paraphrasing you you express the view that the
23	instances of use of mace that you observed in the videos
24	were indicative of a custom of improperly deploying mace.
25	Did I paraphrase that opinion more or less accurately?

A. Yes, it appeared that way to me.

- Q. And what are you -- when you refer to a custom, as a -- as a professional and expert in policing, what -- what do you mean by a custom?
- A. Well, in this instance from -- from what I saw, there were other techniques, in my opinion, that could have been employed short of -- of the use of chemical munitions. It just seemed that that was, instead of a last resort, it was something that was done rather hastily.
- Q. Well, let me repeat my question. As far as your concept of a custom within police operations is concerned, would it be your view that an individual police officer can violate police department policies and regulations without thereby acting pursuant to a custom within the police department?
- A. They cannot violate policy pursuant to a custom or practice that essentially flies in the face of that policy, if that's what you're asking.
- Q. I think you answered the question better than I asked it, Chief.

Based on your review of the materials that have been given to you in this case, what is your understanding of when and where the St. Louis Police deployed teargas?

1 Α. When and where in these circumstances or 2 generally? I'm sorry, I might have missed --3 Well --Q. 4 -- the question. Α. -- I was referring specifically to the events 5 Ο. 6 of September 15 through September 17 of 2017. 7 Α. Okay. What is your understanding of when on those 8 Q. 9 dates -- Or maybe I should rephrase it. What is your 10 understanding as to which incidents involved the 11 deployment of teargas? The most -- The most vivid occasion was on 12 Α. 13 Sunday evening, the 17th, and I believe to some extent on the afternoon of the 15th. 14 15 Ο. So, it was your observation that teargas was deployed on the evening of September 17 at the Tucker and 16 Washington incident? 17 Yes, I think just prior to the mass arrests. 18 Α. MR. PRAISS: Just for the record, when you're 19 20 using the phrase "teargas," is that distinguishable 21 from pepper spray or mace? 22 MR. DIERKER: Okay, well, thank you, I --MR. PRAISS: Just so we're all on the same 23 24 page because it's not clear to me. 25 MR. DIERKER: Well, I want it to be clear.

1		(Questions by Mr. Dierker)
2	Q. So,	Chief, I I started using the term
3	"teargas." Can	we agree that teargas is a different
4	munition than pe	epper spray or mace?
5	A. Yes	
6	Q. And	so, when I say "teargas," you understand
7	me to be referri	ng to a substance that is a different
8	form or differer	nt chemical used in crowd control?
9	A. Diff	Terent from pepper spray?
10	Q. Righ	nt.
11	A. Yes	
12	Q. So,	is it your understanding that teargas was
13	deployed on the	evening of September 17?
14	A. Yeah	n, I'm sorry, I I thought at the outset
15	we talked about	using terms interchangeably, but maybe it
16	wasn't teargas,	so
17	Q. No,	I I I was using pepper spray and
18	mace interchange	eably.
19	A. Righ	nt, right, okay. Yeah
20	Q. I	-
21	A a	and
22	Q. I id	dent
23	A]	understand so.
24	Q. I'm	sorry.
25	A. Yeah	n, so, specifically you're asking about

1 when I thought the police deployed teargas over the three 2 days --3 Right. Q. -- is that right? 4 Α. 5 Ο. Right. 6 Okay. And, frankly, I'd have to go back and Α. 7 look at the documents or the video recordings. I don't 8 recall specifically about the teargas. In your review of the materials, did you form 9 10 an opinion as to whether, from the police standpoint, the conduct of protestors at the mayor's house during the 11 night of September 15 was an unlawful assembly? 12 13 MR. PRAISS: Object to the form of the question to the extent it calls for legal 14 15 conclusion. 16 Ο. You may answer. You're asking if I thought it was an unlawful 17 Α. 18 assembly --19 O. Right, you --20 Α. -- based on --21 -- as -- as a police officer or as a -- as a Ο. expert in policing. 22 23 The mere fact that they were present outside Α. 24 the mayor's residence, in my opinion, would not 25 constitute necessarily an unlawful assembly. It would

1	depend on what's actually happening there.
2	Q. Well, and that's my question. Based on what
3	you know was actually happening there, did you feel that
4	it constituted an unlawful assembly?
5	A. I'd have to go back and look at exactly what
6	took place there. I'm sorry.
7	Q. As an expert in policing, how would you define
8	an unlawful assembly?
9	A. I I would define it in the context of a
10	demonstration where there is significant violence and
11	destruction of property to the extent that public safety
12	was put at serious risk.
13	Q. As an expert in policing, to your knowledge,
14	are there statutes and ordinances throughout the country
15	that regulate unlawful assemblies?
16	A. I'm certain there are in
17	Q. Were
18	A regards to your
19	Q. Were
20	A jurisdiction, yes.
21	Q. Were Well, let's refer to Saginaw, Michigan
22	and Michigan in particular. At the time you were chief,
23	were were there ordinances and statutes that pertain
24	to unlawful assemblies?
25	A. Yes.

1 Ο. And in Philadelphia, to your knowledge, were there similar statutes and regulations? 2 3 Α. Yes. Did you ever personally have occasion to 4 Ο. 5 employ the soft approach in an anti-police protest 6 context? 7 Α. Specifically anti-police or any crowd control situation? 8 9 No, specifically anti-police. Q. 10 Α. No. In your opinion, do anti-police protests 11 Q. entail greater risks for the police that are assigned to 12 13 crowd control? 14 No, not necessarily. Α. 15 Q. From your experience and observation, are injuries to police officers common to all kinds of 16 17 protests? MR. PRAISS: Object to the form. 18 Vaque. 19 Q. You may answer if you understand the question. 20 Α. There -- There is risk certainly to officer 21 safety in many circumstances, including demonstrations 22 and crowd -- crowd management situations. As an expert in policing, would it be your 23 Ο. 24 opinion that a protest that is occupying major 25 thoroughfares in a metropolitan area is a lawful

1	assembly?
2	MR. PRAISS: Object to the form of the
3	question. Vague.
4	A. Again, it depends on the unique circumstances.
5	It could be lawful.
6	Q. The term "kettle" has been used in this case.
7	Is that a recognized term of art in the policing
8	profession?
9	A. Not that I'm familiar with.
LO	Q. Would it surprise you if that term originated
L1	with a person who regularly participates in protests, but
L2	not a police officer?
L3	A. Not much surprises me anymore, frankly. Not
L4	to evade the question, but
L5	Q. No, I think that's a valid answer.
L6	With regard to crowd control situations, in
L7	your opinion as a as a policing expert, if an assembly
L8	is properly ordered to disperse, is it good practice to
L9	take steps to prevent the reassembling of the group?
20	A. Yes.
21	MR. PRAISS: Can we take maybe a two minute
22	break? Somebody needs to get a phone from here and
23	I was trying to find a good spot. I didn't want to
24	interrupt your flow if this is okay.
25	MR. DIERKER: There's no flow to interrupt,

1	so, yeah
2	MR. PRAISS: That's okay.
3	MR. DIERKER: we can
4	MR. PRAISS: I'll tell
5	MR. DIERKER: we can take a break. I've
6	got to fumble through papers anyway.
7	MR. PRAISS: Let's take
8	MR. DIERKER: Chief, is it okay with you if we
9	break for a couple minutes?
10	THE WITNESS: Yes.
11	(At this point, there was a break taken from
12	9:51 a.m. to 9:56 a.m.)
13	(Questions by Mr. Dierker)
14	Q. Chief, good to go?
15	A. Yes.
16	Q. Okay.
17	A. Yes.
18	Q. Chief, I'm going to show you what's been
19	marked for identification as Golden Deposition Exhibit C.
20	And I know you're going to be somewhat at a disadvantage,
21	I'm sure you have not seen this before, but can you
22	can you read it at all?
23	A. Look like City of St. Louis, an Application or
24	something.
25	Q. Okay. Well, I will I will represent to you

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that this is a City of St. Louis form that is used for permits for special events and I will also represent to you that this is an application for a permit for a safe free speech zone for citizens to invoke their right to free speech and I'll further represent to you that this was an application made by the City Police Department to the City's other -- another City agency to allow for the use of a park area for protesting. So, we can accept those representations as to what the document is, the document speaks for itself, but the reason I present it to you is merely to ask you a couple questions based on some assumptions. And I'd ask you to assume that the St. Louis Police Department applied for a permit to allow for an area for protests in anticipation of the Stockley verdict and that the date of commencement of the permit was August 24 of 2017. So, are you with me so far?

A. Yes.

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Q. And I would ask you further to assume that the -- the area designated in the permit is a park area across the street diagonally from the court -- from the court building where the verdict was to be announced. Would the fact that the Police Department -- Assuming those facts, would the effort of the Police Department to anticipate an area for protest change your opinion about the lack of planning by the St. Louis Police Department

1	in this instance?
2	MR. PRAISS: I'm going to object that I
3	believe the representations and assumptions that
4	have been provided to you are incomplete and,
5	therefore, provide you with a false hypothetical
6	that's inappropriate. Subject to that, you can
7	answer.
8	Q. Okay. So, do you think you can answer my
9	false hypothetical, Chief?
10	A. The Application was about a month before, I
11	believe you said August, right?
12	Q. Yeah, the App the Application contemplated
13	the possibility of protests beginning as early as
14	August 24. I'd ask you to assume that.
15	A. Okay. And the question is
16	Q. Well
17	A does that
18	Q does that change your opinion as to the
19	quality of advance planning by the St. Louis Police
20	Department in regard to the Stockley issue.
21	MR. PRAISS: Can I have a continuing
22	objection?
23	MR. DIERKER: It may run to this line of
24	questioning.
25	MR. PRAISS: Thank you.

1	A. No, it would not.
2	(Questions by Mr. Dierker)
3	Q. Now, I'd further ask you to assume, Chief,
4	that, in fact, an operations order was in place prior to
5	September 15 of 2017 in anticipation of protests in the
6	event of an acquittal on the Stockley case, so I ask you
7	to assume that that was in place. Would such a pla
8	the existence of such a plan affect or modify any of the
9	opinions that you've given so far, just just the bare
L O	existence of the plan?
L1	A. No.
L2	Q. Okay. Your opinions would be formed based on
L3	the contents of the plan, I assume?
L4	A. Yes.
L5	Q. I believe you discuss in your report what you
L6	think some of the basic elements of a good plan for this
L7	kind of a situation would be; is that a fair statement?
L8	A. Yes.
L9	Q. And is it fair to say that one element of a
20	of a good advance plan would be the designation in
21	advance of incident commanders?
22	A. Yes.
23	Q. And do you think it would be a good planning
24	practice to have staging areas identified in advance?
25	A. Yes.

1 Ο. From the materials that you reviewed, do you think the uniform and equipment of the bicycle officers 2 3 that you observed was of the kind of, shall we say provocative nature that the riot equipment would be? 4 5 Α. No, they appeared to be standard bicycle 6 patrol uniforms. 7 Q. In your opinion, how is it -- what is the best policing practice to deal with agitators within a larger 8 9 group? 10 I think to the extent that the police know who the agitators are, know who the informal leaders, if you 11 will, of the demonstrators might be, establishing 12 rapport, having a liaison with those individuals and even 13 engaging those informal leaders in policing their own 14 is -- is a best practice. 15 I believe in your opinion, you express the 16 17 view that unlawful assemblies were hastily declared at one or more points in -- during the various incidents; is 18 that correct? 19 20 Α. Yes, it appeared that way. And do you recall at this point with any 21 22 specificity when and where you felt unlawful assemblies were hastily declared? 23 2.4 Α. Not specifically when and where. Again, it 25 was -- the material was pretty voluminous as well as the

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recording, so I'd have to go back and pinpoint it under 1 further review, but at the time that I reviewed those 2 3 materials, that's the conclusion that I came to. In any of the materials that you reviewed, did 4 Ο. 5 you observe any apparent command officers engaging in 6 conversation with protestors? 7 Α. It depends on how you define "command No. In a situation like this, for me it would be 8 officers." senior level ranking police officials. 9 10 And are you awa- -- does the name "Brian Rossomanno" mean anything to you? 11 I believe he's a sergeant on the Police 12 Α. Department there if I'm not mistaken. Yes is the answer, 13 14 yes. 15 Q. Okay. And were you aware that his assignment involved supervision of the -- what the Police Department 16 referred to as the Civil Disobedience Team? 17 Α. 18 Yes. Would you expect -- Would you consider it to 19 Ο. 20 be good policing practice if the person in charge of a 21 civil disobedience unit was relied on by the Department to evaluate assemblies in the declaration of unlawful 22 23 assemblies? 2.4 Α. In my opinion, that would have to be someone 25 at the senior level, higher than a sergeant or

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lieutenant.

- Q. As far as you can recall, the materials that you reviewed specifically with -- with regard to September 15, were those focused primarily on the incident involving the buses and their extraction?
- A. As well as other events that -- that afternoon, yes.
 - Q. What other events do you recall?
- A. I recall just a handful of protestors confronting officers on -- on the line, more or less. There were a line of officers and several -- a small group of protestors were being confrontational with them, verbally confrontational. I believe that was the same afternoon as the bus incident.
- Q. Did you observe video of protestors breaking up concrete sewer lids and throwing concrete at officers?
 - A. No.
- Q. Did you have occasion to review any video of protests -- protestors marching through City streets prior -- earlier in the day, say between noon and 5:00 p.m. on September 15?
- A. I looked at a lot of video footage and it was difficult to pinpoint precisely the day and time as I recall. I mean, it was just, you know, one after the other after the other, so it -- I can't specifically say

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that I -- that I witnessed what you just mentioned.

- Q. Referring to Page 6 of your report, Item 19, I would like to quote that for you. Quote, "Law enforcement agencies should have crowd control policies that focus on protecting citizens, to include protesters and bystanders, and procedures to effectively disperse disorderly crowds in an effort to eliminate the immediate risks of continued escalation and further violence," end quote.
 - A. Yes.

- Q. What -- What procedures, in your opinion, should be in place to effectively disperse disorderly crowds?
- A. Well, one is to make sure that there is an area designated into which a crowd could be dispersed and -- and -- and then having resources available so that they don't reconvene. And I think the idea that there would be no area of dispersal specifically on the night of the 17th is -- is totally foreign to me in my experience. I just don't understand why protestors would not have been given an area for dispersal. And that should be part of the operations plan.
- Q. What, in your opinion, would constitute dispersal of an unlawful assembly?
 - A. Basically, you know, having the -- the

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protestors leave the immediate area that -- that needs to be evacuated and then dispersed into an area where they could eventually, you know, move, be on their way. So, you're asking me what constitutes it, it's if -- if an order is issued for them to disperse, they ought to be given an opportunity to do that and an area, again, where they can disperse.

- Q. What -- What kind of methods, in your opinion, should be deploy to -- be deployed or used to ensure that the crowd obeys the order to disperse? How would you physically accomplish that, in your opinion?
- A. Well, I mean, there are various methods. I mean, one would be to just have a -- a cadre of officers or group of officers positioned in such a way as to move the crowd toward the area where you want them to disperse.
- Q. So, you would see -- I'm trying to get at what, you know, physically the officers would be expected to do if the crowd is not compliant with verbal orders.
- A. Well, again, moving in the direction of the crowd, urging them to -- to move and disperse, so, you know, that's where your tactical interventions come into play and, you know, that's -- that's just one method of -- of dispersing a crowd. And typically, in my experience, it's one where it's pretty effective.

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1 Ο. Referring again to your report at Page 6, Item 22, you -- I quote, "The situation near the intersection 2 3 of Euclid and McPherson on Friday evening, September 15, seemed to begin with a fairly innocuous gathering of a 4 5 small number of protesters who were behaving in a 6 peaceful manner, " close quote. Did -- Did any of the --7 I think we alluded to this before. Are you familiar with the conduct of the protestors at and around the mayor's 8 9 office (sic) immediately prior to protestors appearing at 10 Euclid and McPherson? The mayor's office? 11 Α. 12 Q. The mayor's -- I'm sorry. The mayor's house. 13 You're asking am I familiar with that Α. particular event? 14 15 Q. Right. Yeah, I -- I don't believe I saw any footage 16 Α. 17 or video recordings of protestors at the mayor's house. I -- I -- I read about it in some of the documents. 18 19 Ο. Okay. Referring again to your report at Page 20 20 -- Page 7, Item 25, you say, quote, "The testimony of 21 plaintiffs in this matter, along with hours of video 22 recordings of the events on Friday, September 15 and Sunday, September 17, support the claims of inappropriate 23 24 use of pepper spray and other chemical munitions against

many of the protesters who were engaged in nonviolent,

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1 peaceful protests, " close quote. Do you have an estimate 2 of how many protestors were subjected to that conduct? 3 Α. I don't. Are you aware of an incident at -- In 4 Ο. St. Louis, we always refer to it as Highway 40. I think 5 6 technically nowadays, it's Interstate 64. But are you 7 aware of any incident involving a mass arrest at Jefferson Avenue and Interstate 64/Highway 40 in the City 8 9 of St. Louis in September of 2017? No, I'm not. I mean, you're saying in 10 I don't -- I don't have a date on that, but 11 September. 12 I --13 Ο. Okay. -- can't say that I'm familiar with that 14 15 anyway. 16 Okay. Well -- Well, let me -- let me broaden Ο. Are you aware -- Did you review any materials with 17 regard to a mass arrest of protestors who had blocked 18 traffic on Highway 40 in the fall of 2017? 19 20 Α. No, I don't believe so. 21 Referring to Page 10 of your report, Item 34, Ο. 22 and I think you've alluded to this before in the context of the questions I asked you about custom. I think -- Is 23 24 it fair to say, in your opinion, the conduct of some 25 police officers in the fall of 2017 were contrary to

established policies and procedures of the St. Louis Police Department?

- A. I'm sorry, would you state the question again, please?
- Q. Well, let me go back to review -- and put it in terms of your Item 34. In view of the policies and procedures set forth in Metropolitan Police Department Special Orders 1-01 and 1-06 -- and I'm paraphrasing -- it is clear that the actions of some of the officers were discriminatory, arbitrary, and wholly inconsistent with the spirit and letter of police department policy. I mean, that -- that -- is that your opinion?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. Okay. Now, on Page 12, Item 42, you state, quote, "I am aware of no reason that would lead me to believe that the treatment of Luther Hall was isolated, rather than a part of the overall arbitrary and unreasonable response of St. Louis Metropolitan Police Department officers," close quote. And what -- what leads you to believe that that was not isolated?
- A. From everything that I -- I read about that incident, it just seemed that Officer Hall was caught up in the moment with all the other -- was -- was viewed as one of the protestors and, as a result, excessive force was used against him.

1	Q. Are you aware of any other protestor who has
2	had any course of medical Well, let me rephrase the
3	question.
4	Are you familiar with the course of medical
5	treatment that Officer Hall has had to undergo since the
6	incident?
7	A. I I I only know of the immediate medical
8	treatment that he received that night and and I think
9	there was a subsequent diagnosis by a doctor that is
10	referenced in in my report, as well.
11	Q. Are you aware of any other protestor who
12	suffered any comparable injury at the hands of St. Louis
13	Police during September 15 to the 17th?
14	A. For which they received medical treatment?
15	Q. No, for Well, regardless of medical
16	treatment, are you aware of any other protestor
17	sustaining similar injuries?
18	MR. PRAISS: Object to the form of the
19	question. Overbroad.
20	A. No.
21	Q. To what extent, if any, are you aware of
22	injuries suffered by police during the incidents in
23	September of 2017?
24	MR. PRAISS: Other than Luther Hall's?
25	Q. Other Other than Luther Hall.

1 MR. DIERKER: Good point. 2 Yeah, I don't know of specific officers other than Hall who were injured. I mean, there were 3 4 references to things happening, but I don't know of any other specific injuries to officers. 5 6 (Questions by Mr. Dierker) 7 Q. In your opinion, is the -- Let me rephrase that. 8 To what extent, in your opinion, are injuries 9 10 to officers assigned to crowd control indicative of unlawful behavior by the crowd? 11 Well, any -- any officer who is injured as a 12 Α. result of an attack or an assault, I mean, that's 13 obviously criminal behavior. 14 As an expert in policing, how would you 15 Ο. explain the differences between civil disobedience, 16 protest, and violent disorder? 17 Well, I mean, civil disobedience is an act of 18 Α. It can be -- It can be blocking traffic or protest. 19 20 otherwise impeding the flow of, you know, normal 21 activity. A peaceful protest can be the result of, you 22 know, someone or some group gathering to -- to exercise their First Amendment right. And then a -- I think the 23 24 third thing is you asked about a violent protest? 25 Q. Right, how do you distinguish these on a

continuum?

- A. Well, as I pointed out, then, you know, violence, of course, is -- is, you know, what the word means, of course. It's either people attacking each other or attacking the police, attempting to inflict bodily injury or harm against others. That would be a violent protest. Or, you know, severe destruction of property, you know, setting buildings on fire, that kind of thing.
- Q. And forgive me if I should have picked this up from looking at your resume, but could you describe any frontline operator command training you have in public order or civil disorder situations?
- A. I mean, as part of my regular academy training many years ago, I mean, it was woven into the basic police academy training, and then subsequent to that, regular annual in-service training always included some elements of dealing with crowds and demonstrations, especially in Philadelphia where that kind of thing occurred frequently.
- Q. And I think we did allude to this already, but just so I'm clear, your direct personal involvement in -- in protest activity with or without civil disorder was the Saginaw situation?
 - A. Where -- Where I was in command, yeah, I was

the chief of police and the overall commander of -- of those two protests in Saginaw. Prior to that, in Philadelphia, I was a senior official working alongside others who were responsible for dealing with crowds, special events. We had -- We had a KKK rally in Philadelphia, as a matter of fact, in 1988 where I was directly involved in that, as well.

- Q. When we're -- You served for a considerable period as a -- as a line officer in Philadelphia; correct?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. And did -- at the time that -- of your service, did the standard police officer equipment include handheld mace or pepper spray?
- A. No, no, that was later on in my career. In Philadelphia, you were issued a helmet and baton that we call a nightstick and there was not for many years -- not until many years later was there the availability of pepper spray or mace. And, frankly, I believe that was toward -- pretty much toward the end of my tenure in Philadelphia.
- Q. In your opinion, how many hours per year of training are required for both civil disorder deployable officers and commanders regarding public order or civil disorder events?

1 I think it would depend on the jurisdiction. 2 In -- In larger cities, certainly more hours would be required for that kind of training. In smaller 3 jurisdictions, perhaps less so. So, it's difficult to 4 say exactly the number of hours of training that would be 5 6 required, but in a city like St. Louis or Philadelphia, 7 other major cities, I would say it would have to be constant and ongoing training. 8 Are you familiar with the term "stress 9 Ο. inoculation"? 10 I'm familiar with the two words, but not as 11 Α. 12 a -- not as a phrase or term, no. 13 Not -- Not as part of police training? Ο. 14 Α. No. In your experience -- Or to what extent in 15 Ο. your experience are specialized officers the norm in 16 17 regard to crown -- crowd control? MR. PRAISS: Object to the form of the 18 19 question. Vaque. 20 What -- What I'm familiar with in -- in every 21 jurisdiction where I serve is the need for a what we call 22 special operations or tactical group, usually a smaller section of the department where officers are trained in 23 24 special weapons and tactics, also known as SWAT. 25 in -- in -- in Philadelphia, we called them before the

1	stakeout unit or highway patrol, but these were specially
2	trained officers who would be available for assignment
3	in in special crowd control situations.
4	Q. Do you think only specialized officers should
5	be deployed to public order or civil disorder events?
6	A. No, I think it should be multilayered.
7	Q. Do you think all officers, regardless of
8	training level, are capable of responding appropriately
9	to a high stress, potentially violent situation?
10	A. I think, yeah, that's just it's part of the
11	job, so I think every officer should have some training
12	and some ability to respond in those situations.
13	Q. As far as you are aware, is there any
14	nationally accepted standard around public order
15	policing?
16	A. You're asking about a specific national
17	standard?
18	Q. Right, in your experience, do you believe
19	there exists such a nationally recognized standard?
20	A. No, and I think that there, as I indicated in
21	my report in some of the references, I think I think
22	there are a plethora of resources that help guide police
23	departments in dealing with with crowd control
24	situations.
25	Q. Do you have an opinion as to why there is not

1 a single nationally recognized standard? 2 Α. No. Is it your opinion that officers speaking in 3 Q. low, nonthreatening tones would be efficacious in a 4 violent protest situation? 5 6 When you're saying "violent," I mean, what Α. 7 specifically? Can you give me an example of a violent protest that you're talking about? 8 Well, I'll -- I'll use the -- the framework 9 10 that you described earlier where there's threats or battery of persons, serious property damage conduct. 11 Yeah, in those situations, I think a direct 12 13 intervention to -- to abate the activity or the behavior certainly is warranted and there ought to be officers who 14 15 are specially trained for that type of intervention 16 should something like that occur. Are there, in your opinion, circumstances in 17 Ο. which loud, clear, and precise communication by police is 18 appropriate across the spectrum of public order events? 19 20 Α. Is there -- I'm sorry, repeat that question, 21 please. 22 In your opinion, are there any circumstances O. in which loud, clear, and precise communication by police 23 24 is appropriate across the spectrum of public order

25

events?

1 Α. Yes. What would those situations call for -- In 2 Ο. 3 what situations would it call for loud, clear communication? 4 Well, I mean, if -- if police deem it 5 Α. 6 appropriate to -- to issue a -- a loud, clear order of 7 whatever type, then certainly, you know, I think it's 8 appropriate. I mean, I guess I'm not totally following 9 the question, but --10 No, I -- I think you've --Q. 11 Α. -- sure --12 -- answered it. Q. 13 -- there would be specific circumstances where Α. that -- that would be appropriate, yes. 14 15 Q. Could you describe how officers can both keep their distance and yet quickly and efficiently identify 16 17 and remove agitators interspersed among peaceful protestors so as to mitigate escalation? 18 Well, that's where I think the small cadre of 19 20 tactical officers who are specially trained and -- and --21 and very disciplined in their response should be deployed 22 while maintaining your normal contingent of officers on -- on a demonstration line. So, there are going to be 23 2.4 situations where agitators will go after the officers on 25 the line, and then if some of the agitators behave

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violently or -- or engage in criminal conduct, then you deploy your tactical group to deal with that, the small number of agitators.

- Q. And how would such a tactical group be equipped, in your opinion?
- A. I mean, it depends. I mean, certainly there's the standard equipment that all officers carry and, you know, for the tactical group, sure, they -- they would have additional equipment perhaps in order to effectively do their jobs.
 - Q. Such as military style riot gear?
 - A. Perhaps, yes.

2.4

- Q. Is it fair to state that, in your opinion, it's appropriate for police officers that are deployed to a public order event to have equipment ranging from the standard equipment to tactical riot gear?
 - A. Yes, some of the officers, yes.
- Q. And if I understood your views correctly, the officers who are, I'll -- I'll say riot-equipped, helmets, protective body armor, if you will, in your view, the appropriate deployment of those officers would be at some distance from the protest unless and until the violence required further deployment; is that fair?
 - A. Yeah. Yes, that's correct.
 - Q. Are you aware that a number of weapons were

1 retrieved from the scene at Tucker and Washington on 2 September 17? 3 MR. PRAISS: Object to the form of the question. 4 Vague. I saw photographs of items that -- that I 5 Α. 6 believe were -- I guess they were confiscated. I don't 7 know for sure, but they were part of the package of materials that I reviewed. 8 9 Okay. Well, you say "items." Did you see Ο. 10 firearms? 11 Α. I believe, yes, one or two of those photos included firearms, yes. 12 13 In your opinion, is it possible that a police Q. retreat could enable the development of a mob mentality 14 15 which would cause further risk to protestors and public safety? 16 17 MR. PRAISS: Object to the form of the 18 question. It depends on what you mean by "retreat." You 19 Α. 20 mean totally removing themselves from the scene or what 21 do you mean by "retreat"? 22 Well, how would you define "retreat"? Ο. I think there are any number of levels of 23 Α. 2.4 retreat. It's -- You know, that's what I'm trying to get 25 at.

1	Q. Well, let's start at whatever you consider the
2	lowest level of retreat.
3	A. Turning away from an incident where police
4	intervention is required, I guess, would be a retreat and
5	would be it would be
6	(At this point, the picture on the screen
7	froze momentarily and there was no audio.)
8	Q. I think we're having technical difficulties at
9	this end, Chief.
10	A. Oh, okay. What's the matter, you're not
11	seeing me or hearing me?
12	MR. PRAISS: We lost you for a couple seconds
13	there.
14	Q. Yeah, we lost
15	A. Oh.
16	Q we lost audio.
17	A. Oh, okay.
18	MR. PRAISS: Want to ask the question again?
19	Q. Well, let me back up and we'll take it step by
20	step. I think you were about to discuss the situation
21	where officers turn away from violent behavior. And I
22	take it you think that would not be a good response from
23	a professional standpoint; is that fair?
24	A. That That's right. A violent event would
25	require direct intervention on the part of police

officers.

- Q. With regard to your review of the incident on September 15 involving the -- the buses, did you see any indication that at any point that officers did, in fact, retreat?
- A. No, I'm just -- I'm hearkening back to the video of that and all I see are two buses, I think, and protestors blocking the egress of those buses.
- Q. Well, let -- let me give you a hypothetical, Chief. You know, let's assume that we have a crowd of approximately a hundred or so protestors blocking traffic and engaging in, shall we say verbal -- verbal attacks on police officers or directed at the police. Is there a situation, in your opinion, where -- I'm sorry. Let me start that whole thing over. The lawyers are all -- all my colleagues here are going to be chuckling at my difficulty in formulating a hypothetical.

But I would ask you to assume that -- that you have officers who are not riot-equipped in the presence of a hundred or so demonstrators who are not exhibiting assaultive behavior, but are, you know, clearly agitated. In your opinion, would it be appropriate police conduct for the police to disengage and remove themselves from sight and sound of the demonstrators?

A. No, not to remove themselves in that

situation, but certainly not to allow that to provoke police into some -- some physical response.

- Q. In your opinion, are there circumstances in which the police -- in which police disengagement by removing themselves to a distance from a protest could cause the protest to escalate?
 - A. That's possible.

- Q. And in that situation, would it be your opinion that that would create an increased need for use of tactics by the police that might otherwise have been avoided?
- A. Well, in my opinion, I think that's where ongoing evaluation and assessment is -- is critical on the part of police so as to the extent possible avoid the use of force.
- Q. Are you aware of situations in the United States where police departments have been sued for failing to respond effectively to a public disorder?
- A. In terms of a lawsuit, no, I don't know specifically, no.
- Q. Do you have a ballpark number, in your opinion, of the hours of training that would be required to generate officers and commanders with the appropriate skill sets and capabilities to accomplish crowd management?

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1 I would say as a baseline, you know, 40 hours Α. 2 of specific crowd control management training would be required and -- and then, of course, being forced through 3 subsequent in-service training for those officers, but, 4 5 again, I believe there are different levels of response 6 to a crowd control situation and it would depend on an 7 officer's specific assignment. For example, if you're a SWAT team member, of course you're going to have much 8 more tactical training, but for line officers, regular 9 10 line officers, I would say, again, at least 40 hours of training in crowd control management. 11 12 Are you familiar with the -- the phrase or 13 term "incident command system"? 14 Α. Yes. 15 Ο. And what does that mean to you? 16 Α. It's -- It's a unified command system where the incident command system is where someone is 17 designated to oversee the police operation at an incident 18 and that ICS, as we call it, or the incident command 19 20 system individual would be responsible for making 21 decisions with regard to the police response to that incident. 22 23 Do you think the use of that structure works Q. 24 well for the management of public order events? 25 Α. I believe it does, yes.

1	Q. In your experience across police departments,
2	do you think law enforcement officers and commanders
3	receive enough training in ICS to adequately utilize it?
4	A. There is There is basic ICS training, but,
5	again, I think, you know, once an individual is certified
6	in ICS, then that has to be reinforced through regular
7	in-service training follow-up.
8	Q. And to what extent, if any, are you aware of
9	any ICS certified officers in the St. Louis Police
10	Department?
11	A. Not at all. I'm not aware.
12	Q. As a best practice, should all disorderly
13	persons always be given the opportunity to disperse even
14	though they might have committed prosecutable offenses?
15	MR. PRAISS: Object to the form. Overbroad.
16	(At this point, the picture on the screen
17	froze momentarily and there was no audio.)
18	THE REPORTER: I think we have a freeze. We
19	missed your answer. You The screen froze right
20	at the answer.
21	THE WITNESS: Oh, okay, I think my attorney
22	or was objecting there for a moment.
23	MR. DIERKER: He was. Do you want to read the
24	question back?
25	(At this point, an off-the-record discussion

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1	was had.)					
2	(At this point, the reporter read back the					
3	question beginning on Page 55, Line 12.)					
4	A. I believe there are some circumstances where,					
5	in the overall best interest of public safety, you might					
6	allow a low-level offender. When you talk about					
7	prosecutable offenses, I mean, there are low-level					
8	offenses that making an arrest of that individual, those					
9	persons could exacerbate or make the situation worse, and					
10	in those circumstances, then I would say you're probably					
11	better off allowing those people to disperse. A					
12	disorderly conduct, for example, is a low-level offense					
13	in my view.					
14	MR. PRAISS: At some point, can we take a,					
15	like, five minute break?					
16	MR. DIERKER: You want					
17	MR. PRAISS: We've been going for a while.					
18	MR. DIERKER: You want to break now?					
19	MR. PRAISS: If you don't mind.					
20	MR. DIERKER: Yeah, that's fine.					
21	(At this point, there was a break taken from					
22	10:45 a.m. to 10:52 a.m.)					
23	(Questions by Mr. Dierker)					
24	Q. Chief, I think your recommendation is or at					
25	least your opinion is that it's good policing practice to					

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1 keep the -- the officers in riot gear out of sight of the 2 protestors to -- as best you can; is that fair? 3 Α. Yes. Now, if you've got a situation where the 4 Ο. protestors are on the move and it's difficult to predict 5 6 what their route is, is it always feasible to keep the 7 tactical people out of sight and sound? Well, I mean, in those situations, you know, 8 Α. I mean, repositioning those tactical 9 it has to be fluid. 10 officers would be appropriate, given the -- the circumstances and the movement of the crowd. 11 12 With regard to the September 15 incident Ο. 13 involving the buses, from the materials that you reviewed, were you aware that the -- that the buses 14 15 contained the riot-gear-equipped officers? 16 Α. Yes. 17 And were you aware that the protestors Ο. actually moved toward the buses? 18 19 Α. Yes. 20 Ο. And are you aware that a lot of the activity 21 in the vicinity of Tucker and Clark at that time was a 22 function of the efforts of the police to remove the buses 23 and the riot-equipped police? 24 Α. Yes. 25 As a general proposition, when -- in your Q.

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1	opinion, when is it appropriate to deploy the						
2	riot-gear-equipped officers?						
3	A. When there is the the obvious threat. If a						
4	threat level rises and the potential for violence is						
5	is imminent, then I would say that would you know,						
6	that's a situation where it's appropriate to deploy						
7	tactical officers.						
8	Q. So, would would it be appropriate to deploy						
9	when members of the crowd begin to throw objects at the						
10	non-riot-equipped officers?						
11	MR. PRAISS: Object to the form of the						
12	question. Vague.						
13	A. It could be.						
14	Q. How about a situation where the crowd						
15	members of the crowd are breaking windows and engaging in						
16	other property damage?						
17	MR. PRAISS: Same objection.						
18	A. Yes.						
19	MR. PRAISS: Vague.						
20	THE WITNESS: Sorry.						
21	MR. DIERKER: Did you get his objection and						
22	the answer?						
23	THE REPORTER: I got both of them, yeah.						
24	MR. DIERKER: Okay.						
25	A. Under those circumstances, yes, it would be						

appropriate.						
(Questions by Mr. Dierker)						
Q.	In your opinion, what would be the appropriate					
tactic to de	al with what we'll call passively resistant					
individuals,	such as the people who were blocking the					
buses on Sep	tember 15?					
Α.	Passively resistant? You mean like					
Q.	Well					
Α.	in front of the buses or something like					
that?						
Q.	Well, let me make it more concrete. Did you					
obser In	any of the videos, did you obser did you					
observe protestors locking arms in front of police buses?						
Α.	Yes.					
Q.	And in your opinion, what measures would be					
appropriate	to eliminate that blockage?					
А.	I think in that situation, negotiated					
management,	liaising with leaders of the of the					
demonstrator	s, you know, (inaudible) possible to to					
gain						
Q.	Chief? Chief?					
А.	compliance.					
Q.	Chief, I'm sorry, but we we lo					
А.	Yeah.					
Q.	we lost transmission there, so					
	Q. tactic to defindividuals, buses on Sep A. Q. A. that? Q. obser In observe prot A. Q. appropriate A. management, demonstrator gain Q. A. Q. A.					

1 Α. Okay. 2 -- if you don't mind starting your answer Q. 3 again. Yeah, given that scenario that you described 4 and I think from what I saw in the recordings, it would 5 6 be important to -- to engage with the demonstrators on a 7 verbal level, in other words, to communicate with them, to negotiate with them and try to the greatest extent 8 possible to gain compliance, explaining to them the --9 10 the -- the importance of allowing the buses to leave the area and relocate. That would be the approach that I 11 12 would take. 13 Well, let's assume the individuals refuse to Ο. comply based on persuasion. What would be the next 14 15 appropriate measure? 16 Well, I mean, if they -- if they are Α. peacefully and passively resisting, then, you know, 17 perhaps arresting and removing those individuals who were 18 blocking the bus. 19 20 So, that would require hands-on police 21 activity; correct? 22 Α. If no -- If no other alternative is working, 23 yes. 24 Q. Would you approve of the use of pepper spray in that situation? 25

1	A. No.						
2	Q. Would you approve of the deployment of						
3	officers with batons to physically force the individuals						
4	to move aside?						
5	A. No, I would say if they're passively						
6	resisting, then you would use some kind of hand restraint						
7	and and pick them up and and remove them from						
8	from that area.						
9	Q. In your experience, are there situations in						
10	which members of a crowd are committing violent acts, but						
11	it's difficult or impossible for the officers to identify						
12	precisely who's committing the acts?						
13	A. Yes, I'm familiar with those situations, yes.						
14	Q. And what, in your opinion, would be the best						
15	policing response in that situation?						
16	A. If you witness, I'm sorry, is it						
17	Q. Well						
18	A criminal						
19	Q I'll I'll re						
20	A behavior?						
21	Q I'll re						
22	A. Go ahead.						
23	Q phrase, Chief.						
24	A. Yeah.						
25	Q. I mean, I I would ask you to assume that						

a -- a group of protestors in the 50 to 100 -- numbering 50 to a hundred are engaged in a march or a demonstration and missiles are projecting from within the crowd, but the officers on the scene cannot identify specifically the perpetrators. What, if any, measures would you approve to be undertaken with -- in that situation?

- A. I would -- I would, again depending on the level of activity, certainly attempt to disperse that particular crowd, that group that are responsible for the projectiles, so dispersal would be, I think, an appropriate response.
- Q. Would the use of mace or pepper spray in that situation be appropriate?
 - A. Not necessarily.

- Q. When, if at all, would you approve the use of pepper spray or mace to aid in dispersing an unruly demonstration or protest?
- A. Well, certainly I believe if the officers are under direct attack, if they're being assaulted by the protestors directly, then, of course, the officer has the right to protect himself or herself and -- and deploy chemical mace in those situations.
- Q. In any of the materials that you reviewed, did -- did you see any indication of members of the crowd objecting to efforts by police officers to converse and

1 defuse the situation? I saw a couple of -- I saw a couple of 2 3 officers engaging with protestors, talking to them and, I mean, the pro- -- the -- the protestors continued in 4 5 their -- their activity of verbal -- verbal abuse, if you 6 will, of the officers, but I think if that's what you're 7 asking. 8 I'll accept that. What is the best practice, Q. 9 in your opinion, when there are no identifiable leaders 10 of a protest that has become unruly? I'm sorry, what --11 Α. 12 Q. Well --13 -- what do you do --Α. -- let me --14 Ο. 15 Α. -- are you saying when you can't identify? Or... 16 17 Well, let me ask you this: In your Ο. experience, you know, are you aware of situations in 18 which a crowd of protestors has no le- -- identifiable 19 20 leaders with which the police can communicate? 21 I mean, yes, I mean, sure, that can happen. Α. 22 And in that situation, in your opinion, is the Ο. soft approach likely to be effective? 23 2.4 Α. I believe -- I believe the police ought to use 25 whatever de-escalation tactics they're trained in and

familiar with regardless of whether there are leaders, 1 identifiable leaders, or not. You can -- You can 2 3 approach individual protestors and engage them verbally and try to gain compliance that way. You don't 4 5 necessarily have to know who the leaders are. 6 I believe at one point, I -- I think it's Q. 7 Paragraph 13 of your report, you reference an apparent 8 failure to have clergy and senior commanders of the 9 Police Department present and available at some of these 10 incidents. Are you aware that, in fact, some participants in the protest were politicians and officers 11 of City Government? 12 I am familiar with one individual who I 13 Α. believe offered testimony at the hearing who was 14 15 identified as a member of City Council, I believe. 16 Ο. Based on the materials you reviewed, Chief, is 17 there anything that the City Police did right? That's a pretty broa- -- That's a pretty broad 18 Α. 19 question. 20 Ο. Well, I'll ta- -- I'll --21 Α. I mean --22 -- ta- -- I'll take any crumbs of approval. Ο. Well, yeah, I mean, for example, I did see a 23 Α.

couple of officers without riot gear, without even a hat

on, I think I recall in one recording an officer who

24

didn't even have on a cap was speaking in a soft tone with a couple of the protestors, so I saw that kind of interaction occasionally as I reviewed the video recordings. I thought that was pretty positive.

- Q. In your experience, is it possible that protestors in a situation which could be described as anti-police, that elements of the protestors are desirous of provoking the deployment of mace or other force measures?
 - MR. PRAISS: Object to the form of the question. Calls for speculation.
 - A. I'm sorry, are you asking if --
 - Q. Well, let me -- let me re- -- restate it.
 - A. Yeah.

Q. You know, I'm just asking, in your experience, is it possible that elements of a protest group are desirous of inducing the police to use force?

MR. PRAISS: Same objection.

- A. I am -- In my experience, for example, in Saginaw, the anti-Klan protestors were more challenging for the police than the Klan members themselves, so that I'm familiar with.
- Q. Well, in that situation, did -- did you perceive that some members of the protest group wanted a violent confrontation with the police?

1 Α. No, not a violent confrontation with the police. I think they -- they -- they were provoking, 2 3 they wanted to provoke some -- some outcome that was 4 favorable to their cause, yes. 5 Ο. Do you think they wanted to provoke deployment 6 of force by the police? 7 Α. Not specifically, no. Do you think that that is -- that it is 8 Q. 9 impossible that elements of a protest group would want to 10 provoke a violent confrontation with police? MR. PRAISS: Object to the form of the 11 12 question. 13 Α. It's not impossible. In your experience and as a veteran police 14 Ο. 15 officer, what would be your reaction to observing a 16 protest group that included numerous people who are 17 wearing masks and goggles? I would think that they were -- they had that 18 Α. equipment to protect themselves. 19 20 Ο. Would -- Would you as a -- Would -- Would it 21 be your view as a -- from the standpoint of a police officer that that would be indicative of an expectation 22 23 that there will be disorder? 2.4 MR. PRAISS: Object to the form of the 25 question. Vague.

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1 Α. No, my sense is that they had that equipment in the event that mace would be deployed against them. 2 3 That's how I -- That's what I inferred from what I saw 4 there. 5 Ο. In terms of making an arrest of -- or a mass arrest of a group of protestors, would the presence 6 7 within the group of persons equipped with goggles and 8 masks suggest that they were, in fact, members of the 9 protest group? 10 Α. Yes. And -- And I guess I'll restate the guestion a 11 Ο. little bit differently, but in your opinion, would you 12 feel that a reasonable police officer should have any 13 greater concern when confronted with a group of 14 15 protestors who are masked? Α. 16 No. 17 You think wearing masks is an ordinary and to Ο. be expected part of a lawful protest? 18 Yeah, in my -- in my opinion, the sense I got 19 Α. 20 was that they were expecting that that could happen, yes. 21 No, I'm not asking about the specifics. 22 just asking for your general opinion about whether officers who are confronted by masked protestors have 23

reason to regard that group differently than a group that

24

25

is not wearing masks.

1 Α. Oh, I see what you're saying. Well, no, not -- not just merely wearing a mask, no. 2 3 So, in your view, that does not give rise to Ο. any kind of inference that people are wishing to disquise 4 their identity? 5 6 Absent other behaviors and activity, no. Α. 7 Q. So, if there is other behavior such as throwing rocks and bottles, you think the presence of 8 masks could be a factor in the police response? 9 10 Α. Yes, it could be. MR. DIERKER: Can we go off the record for a 11 minute? 12 13 MR. PRAISS: Sure. (At this point, there was a break taken from 14 15 11:12 a.m. to 11:14 a.m.) (Questions by Mr. Dierker) 16 Chief, okay? 17 Ο. 18 Α. Yes. Chief, I think you, in the context of unlawful 19 Ο. 20 assemblies, I think you referred to significant violence. 21 Is there any violence that you consider insignificant? 22 Well, and, again, it depends on how you define Α. Assaultive behavior certainly is -- of any 23 violence. 2.4 kind is significant, especially in those situations. You 25 know, throwing a bottle, a water bottle or something like

1 that, not so significant, but yet it could be deemed a 2 violent act. 3 What about property damage to -- when, in your Ο. opinion, does it become significant? 4 5 Α. Oh, I mean, brea- -- smashing windows of 6 storefronts and things like that, you know, burning 7 buildings or property, that is significant. And in formulating your opinions, did you 8 Q. review the Missouri statute and the City ordinance 9 10 regarding unlawful assembly? 11 Α. Yes. And did you also review the City ordinances 12 Q. 13 regarding blocking or impeding the flow of traffic? 14 Α. Yes. 15 Q. Okay. I don't have anything further. 16 MR. DIERKER: 17 MR. PRAISS: Okay. I have no questions. (At this point, an off-the-record discussion 18 was had.) 19 20 (Questions by Mr. Dierker) 21 I'm sorry. Chief, it's -- you know, I -- I 0. 22 apologize since I'm so rusty at the drill. Were there 23 any questions that I asked you that you need me to repeat for clarification or do you think we -- you understood 2.4 25 everything that I asked?

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1	A. No, I did. Thank you for following up some of						
2	those where I had questions, but at this point, I can't						
3	recall anything that's unclear.						
4	MR. DIERKER: Okay. And you have the right to						
5	read and review the deposition and sign it and you						
6	would be able to make corrections to the deposition						
7	if you desired or you may waive signature. And I						
8	will pass the buck to counsel to advise you with						
9	regard to waiver.						
10	MR. PRAISS: Jim, it's totally up to you. My						
11	recommendation to clients typically is to take the						
12	time to review it. If for some reason, especially						
13	with Skype technology, if as you read the transcript						
14	you realize that something got transcribed						
15	incorrectly, that's you have an errata sheet and						
16	opportunity to correct it. Obviously, it means						
17	you've got to relive this thing again, but it won't						
18	take you that long. It's not a very long						
19	deposition.						
20	THE WITNESS: Right. Okay, sure, I'll I'll						
21	do that.						
22	MR. PRAISS: Okay. We'll						
23	MR. DIERKER: Okay.						
24	MR. PRAISS: We'll read.						
25	MR. DIERKER: Thank you very much, Chief.						

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1
                  THE WITNESS: Thank you. Appreciate it.
                 MR. PRAISS: Have a great weekend.
 2
 3
                  THE WITNESS: Okay. And you, too. Thank
 4
          you --
 5
                  MR. PRAISS:
                               Okay.
 6
                  THE WITNESS: -- all very much.
                  (Deposition adjourned at 11:17 a.m.)
 7
 8
                         (SIGNATURE RESERVED)
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1	STATE OF)) SS
2	COUNTY OF)
3	
4	I, JAMES GOLDEN, JR., do hereby state that the
5	foregoing statements are true and correct to the best of
6	my knowledge and belief.
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	TAMES COLDEN TD
12	JAMES GOLDEN, JR.
13	
14	
15	Subscribed and sworn to before me this day
16	of, 2019.
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	NOTARY PUBLIC
22	
23	My Commission Expires:
24	
25	
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1	CERTIFICATE
2	
3	I, Sara Alice Masuga, Certified Shorthand
4	Reporter and Certified Court Reporter within and for the
5	States of Illinois and Missouri, DO HEREBY CERTIFY that
6	pursuant to agreement between counsel that on February 8,
7	2019, at the offices of the ACLU, 906 Olive Street,
8	St. Louis, Missouri, there appeared before me the
9	aforementioned witness, and having been duly sworn to
10	tell the whole truth, was examined, and the examination
11	was taken down in shorthand by me and afterwards
12	transcribed upon the computer, and said transcription is
13	herewith returned.
14	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my
15	name this 10th day of February, 2019.
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	Sara Alice Masuga, CSR, CCR
22	IL CSR No. 084-002993 MO CCR No. 1012
23	
24	
25	

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MASUGA REPORTING SERVICE 2033 Hiawatha Avenue St. Louis, MO 63143-1215 (314)680-2424

February 10, 2019

ACLU

Attn: Anthony E. Rothert, Esq.

906 Olive Street

Suite 1130

St. Louis, MO 63101

In Re: MALEEHA AHMAD, et al vs. CITY OF ST. LOUIS

No. 4:17-CV-2455 CDP

Dear Mr. Rothert:

Enclosed herewith, please find your copy of the deposition transcript of JAMES GOLDEN, JR. taken in the above-styled matter along with the original signature page of same.

Please have the deponent read your copy of the transcript, note any corrections to be made, sign the original signature page, have the deponent's signature notarized where indicated, and return the signed signature page and correction sheets to Mr. Dierker for proper filing of the original transcript with the Court.

Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Sincerely,

MASUGA REPORTING SERVICE

Sara Alice Masuga, CSR, CCR

cc: Mr. Dierker